Exercise 14

Given that $\lim_{x\to 2} (5x-7) = 3$, illustrate Definition 2 by finding values of δ that correspond to $\varepsilon = 0.1$, $\varepsilon = 0.05$, and $\varepsilon = 0.01$.

Solution

According to Definition 2, this limit is equivalent to

if $|x-2| < \delta$ then $|(5x-7)-3| < \varepsilon$

for all positive ε . We're looking for a number δ that's greater than |x-2|.

$$\begin{aligned} |(5x-7)-3| &< \varepsilon \\ |5x-10| &< \varepsilon \\ |5(x-2)| &< \varepsilon \\ 5|x-2| &< \varepsilon \\ |x-2| &< \frac{\varepsilon}{5} \end{aligned}$$

If $\varepsilon = 0.1$, then choose

$$\delta = \frac{\varepsilon}{5} = \frac{0.1}{5} = 0.02.$$

If $\varepsilon = 0.05$, then choose

$$\delta = \frac{\varepsilon}{5} = \frac{0.05}{5} = 0.01.$$

If $\varepsilon = 0.01$, then choose

$$\delta = \frac{\varepsilon}{5} = \frac{0.01}{5} = 0.002.$$